









## EDMONTON DAILY BULLETIN

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BULLETIN CO., LTD.,  
DUNCAN MARSHALL,  
Manager.

SATURDAY, MAY 23, 1908.

## SECESSION 77.1K IN ONTARIO.

Mr. Joyce, M.P. of Algoma, reminded the House the other day that a considerable movement for secession is under way in Northern Ontario. For years the settlers in those newer districts have been in a condition of perpetual complaint. In a country peculiarly difficult of settlement they have been unable to secure roads and bridges and the other primary necessities of settlement. In consequence their country has remained a wilderness while thousands of desirable settlers have traversed it to reach the prairies. At the same time timber and mineral resources unsurpassed on the continent have been exploited to provide funds for private enterprise in the older and thickly populated portions of the Province. This double-barrelled policy of denuding the country of its resources while maintaining it a wilderness has taxed the patience of the settlers to the point of exhaustion, and during the past year a pronounced sentiment has developed in favor of seceding from Ontario and establishing a new Province.

In part the blame for this condition may lie with the indifference of the Whitney Government, but that Government may quite properly shift a portion of responsibility onto the system of raising revenues to which every Government of Ontario has to resort. That Province "sinks its hands, timber and minerals, which is another way of saying that it derives no revenue from the Federal treasury on account of those, and is forced to administer them with a view to drawing from them every dollar that can be got. Practically all the unworked lead, timber and minerals of the Province lie in the northern districts. Those of the southern portion passed long since into private hands, and from them revenue can be derived only by indirect method, or by direct levy. Such methods, whether direct or indirect, fall of course on the shoulders of the people. The result is that the people are heavily taxed on the residents of the thickly settled country. But beside this the northern districts are drained annually of money to contribute on the business of the whole Province, by the levying of tribute on the men who undertake the development of their dormant resources.

For the people of southern Ontario it is no doubt a convenient arrangement to have a hinterland which may be looted with the treasury runs low. But to the pioneer who is trying to make a settled country of that hinterland, the arrangement simply means taxes and more taxes for the benefit of somebody else. To him is extended the patriotic privilege of subsidizing the Government of the Province and paying the price for those who are better able to pay for themselves. This done, he is at liberty to build roads and bridges for himself, and should anything be left, he is at liberty to support his family. For southern Ontario this is splendid; for northern Ontario it is paralysis. Against its continuance the people of northern Ontario are protesting as vigorously as pestiferous means will permit. That they correctly judge the cause of their trouble is evident from the manner of their protest. They do not saddle the blame wholly on the Whitney Government. If so, they would have only to elect opponents to that Government to the Legislature. But they are demanding reparation from the Province whose financial arrangements with the Dominion tend it to maintain their country in a wilderness condition from which supplies may be drawn for the Dominion treasury. The movement for secession in northern Ontario is the last word as to the wisdom of administering the public domain for the purpose of securing revenue.

**THE ALBERTA MARATHON RACE.**  
The first Alberta Marathon race is to be run from Edmonton to Fort Saskatchewan on Monday next. The event is worthy of public notice. The winner carries the championship of the Province for long distance foot-racing. He is also entitled to go east and compete with the light-hearted priory of the other Provinces, and should he show up well there, to become a competitor in the Olympic games in London, England, in July for the championship of the world. For this double reason Monday's race is an event worthy of the interest it is receiving.

The Marathon race derives its name from the fact of an Athenian who carried the news of the battle of Mar-

athon to the city, some twenty-six miles. During the St. Louis Fair a movement was inaugurated to revive the famed Olympic games and to make the prize of the event the championship of the world. Altogether there are twenty-five events, the Marathon race among them. The games are held every second year, and in different countries. In 1906 they took place in Athens, when Sherrington of Hamilton, Ontario, won the Marathon over the same course run by the ancient Greek. Incidentally he did the Greek one better, for the latter dropped dead at the conclusion of his run.

Provincial competitions are held in Canada, as preliminary trials and the winners of these events meet later in competition. The winners of the second preliminaries or national competitions become competitors in the games, which are of course open to the world. All the Alberta competitors except the Marathon will be held in Calgary on Saturday next. The winners from this Province will meet the winners of the other Provinces in Toronto and Montreal on June 6th to decide which shall go to England as Canada's representative.

However the other competitors may terminate, Alberta should stand high in the contest of landing the Marathon championship. In long distance running strength counts less than speed. The man with the leather lungs and the stout heart has a handicap that cannot be matched. For that reason the man who can run twenty miles in the race of all the high-altitude athletes is the man to land the heavier atmosphere of lower levels. Alberta should produce the swift and longest-winded runners in the Dominion.

**PRACTISING VIEWS PREACHING.**  
Hon. F. Cochrane, Minister of Mines in the Ontario Government, expresses his views on the propriety of a non-partisan management of the public lands in this fashion:

"I, M. McNamara, Esq., President Conservative Association, North Bay.  
"Dear Mr. McNamara—You ask what is the policy of the Ontario Government with regard to the civil service and officeholders appointed by the Government. As to the appointments that fall in from year to year, our political friends will be established in the new appointments."

"Certainly other offices, such as those of Inspectors, Registrars, Crown Attorneys, Police Magistrates and of other public positions, the Government would not do without, and on every proper case, and by this means revenue is obtained with opportunity for a hearing given, on every proper case, to the public."

"You are very truly,  
"F. COCHRANE."

This letter embodies the practice of the Ontario Government, and will be doubt (it is utilized by Mr. Borden in his attacks on the appointments of his Halifax predecessors).

## CURRENT COMMENT.

The C.P.R. representative has been withdrawn from the consultation board investigating the trouble between the Company and the employees. But the board continued to investigate—what is the important point.

Port Saskatchewan people have a tradition that their annual celebrations are never marred by bad weather. It conditions held the tradition will be properly maintained on Monday.

In a nutshell the situation at Ottawa is this: A general election is due within a year; the Opposition would force the country with Roblin and Street; the Government would pay little, why?

Paris leads the cities of the world in the matter of cheap residential flats. It also leads the world in the death-rate from tuberculosis. Physicians claim there is more to be learned from these claims to disprove the evidence in these claims to disprove the evidence.

An exchange declares the abolition of the vote on United States cars destroyed the western oil market. Well, in 1906 the oil market in Edmonton offered six cents per barrel for first class oil, and was not at all hungry for them at that price. What are oil worth in Edmonton today?

Nelson Daily News: When the Lemax Act first came into force with its employers and employees had a good word for it, as they both seemed to think that neither of them would get fair play in arbitrations carried out under the Act. Experience has shown, however, that the Act, with its admitted deficiencies, has proved a very useful measure and during the past two weeks over a hundred arbitrations have been held either by employers or employees for boards of arbitration. Any measure that would abolish the beginning of protected strikes and provides that the facts involved in the dispute shall be made public before work ceases, cannot help but

serve a useful purpose, and it is gratifying to see that in this respect the Lemax Act is accomplishing more than it was thought possible it would when the measure was passed.

## ON THE SIDE.

Thirteen men in Alberta think they can run 10 miles 24 yards. Men of such worth should be in the House of Commons.

"In God We Trust" is to be restored to United States currency. There is nothing like a season of adversity to increase piety.

Premier Asquith says he will not sign the Indian bill without a vote in public affairs. Mr. Asquith is a married man.

King Edward is off to meet the "Gaul" in the Gulf of Finland. He is taking along a couple of cruises, probably remembering the fate of the Hull fishing smacks.

## HON. LOMER GOUIN

Hon. Lomer Gouin, the present premier of Quebec, and the capable political statesman who is now leading the Liberal party in an electoral campaign in that province, is a man of unusual ability. The Toronto Globe recently published an interesting sketch of his conditions in Quebec and the man who is at the helm there. It is a good read of waiting.

As a constructive statesman Premier Lomer Gouin, who is now leading the Liberal force of Quebec in a provincial campaign, has been doing well in Canada. For many generations Quebec has been a backward and remote province because of her lack of progress. Her laws and legislation were of a non-progressive type. The mind and energy of her legislators was largely taken up with party and religious strife. Education was neglected, her great natural resources were lying undeveloped, and her lands, occupied by her people flocking from the farm to the city, were being sold at a low price. That these things have changed, Quebec is now coming into her own after years of waiting.

Progress in Quebec.  
No longer can it be said that the province is backward and behind the other provinces. Large grants have been made for her primary and secondary education. Normal schools and technical schools are being established. Commercial schools are receiving government aid and encouragement. Rural schools are helped and encouraged to pay or the best possible teachers. A good road system is being extended to large proportions. New and improved methods of land are being surveyed and partitioned into farms. Roads and bridges are being built and every effort made to open up the new districts and encourage settlers to take up. Already the exodus across the border has been stopped and attention being paid to the new opening and the old.

Into the business of the House of Commons Lomer Gouin has brought order and discipline. He is studied and thoroughly intelligent before being passed into legislation. A new dignity and respectability characterizes the assembly.

**Career of Premier.**  
The man to whom all this is due is the premier, the Hon. Lomer Gouin. It is true that he has surrounded himself with good men as assistants, but the real credit is due to him. He was born in 1851 at Grandville, near Quebec, and studied in his youth at Laval University, where he graduated B.L. and was called to the bar in 1874. He practiced his profession with Mr. S. Pagnon, now chief of justice of the province, and with the late Hon. Raymond. He was later minister of the late Hon. Meville, and in 1891 he was elected to the assembly of Hon. Rodolphe Lemieux. As a legislator he occupied an eminent position and has been engaged on some of the most important cases in the province. He began his political career in 1891, when he was defeated by Sir Hector Langevin by a small majority. In 1897 he was elected to the legislature from the St. James division of Montreal and has held it ever since. In 1901 he became minister of education and public works, and retained that portfolio until 1906, when he resigned. Last year he was called upon to form a cabinet, and in the new administration he was sworn in as premier and attorney general.

**Abie Administrator.**  
While Mr. Gouin has plenty of ability and is an able administrator, his aptness for leadership is also generally acknowledged. He is also a forceful and courteous, and so far as the handling of the government is concerned that his position will be heard and justly dealt with. With only seven members in opposition during the past session, Mr. Gouin has had almost too much to do in the past year. His administration has kept them loyal and steady. In the opposition he has been very fair, giving them every opportunity for investigations and the coming into the governments of the day.

Mr. Gouin is one of the coming men of Canada. He is already doing much for his province, but has many larger and better plans for her advancement. No person can talk to him, or remain long in his presence, without catching up with his enthusiasm and his interest in his province. One is impressed with the fact that he is a man who has his finger on the pulse of the people; a man who dreams dreams and sees visions and yearns for the betterment of his people.

In the very prime of life, able, calm, fitted with boundless energy, and with the best of his province for leadership and a real desire for the betterment of his province, the friends of the premier look forward to many years of his service. That he will be returned on June 25th is a foregone conclusion; that he will do much for his province in the year to come is another certainty.



## Is a Household Necessity

If you are looking for the best tea possible and at the most moderate price, you owe it to yourself to try a pound of Blue Ribbon Tea.

After that, no other kind will ever satisfy you.

## FIFTY YEARS OF LEADERSHIP

Sanford Clothing has been favorably known to the public of Canada for over half a Century. The Style changes but not the quality—that is always first.



Sanford clothing is the clothing of the Past, the Present and the Future. Once Worn—Always Worn.

W. E. SANFORD MANUFACTURING COMPANY LIMITED

HAMILTON, ONT. WINNIPEG, MAN.

"It's not what we claim—  
It's what the goods prove"

The proof of the economy of Progress Brand Clothing is found in the clothes themselves.

Progress Brand garments will wear longer, have more style, and keep their shape better than clothes costing 20% to 30% more.

This label is your protection.  
Look for it.

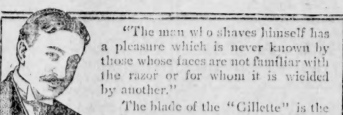
Sold and Guaranteed by  
**EDMONTON CLOTHING CO.**



Alabastine radiates light. Instead of absorbing all the light that falls upon it, as do wall paper or kaleidoscope preparations, the myriads of Gypsum rock particles, of which Alabastine is made, reflect the rays of light—make the room a great deal brighter, more cheerful. Alabastine is more healthful, too. Free from decomposing matter. Contains no arsenic or other poisonous substance. Will not rub off, peel or crack. Our handsome books, "Homes, Healthful and Beautiful," tells of the advantages of Alabastine in all other wall coverings and gives pointers on interior decoration. Former price, 10c. Mailed to you free on request.

Alabastine is sold by hardware and paint dealers everywhere. A 50-cent package for 50 cents. Ask your dealer for test card. Never sold in bulk.

THE ALABASTINE CO. 52 WILLOW STREET, PARIS, ONT.



The blade of the "Gillette" is the only new idea in razor blades for over 40 years. This double edged, thin-as-a-wafer blade is held by the Gillette frame in a perfectly rigid manner—thus avoiding vibration—and insuring the luxury of a safe, uniform shave.

The Gillette Safety Razor Co. of Canada Limited, 100 King Street West, Toronto, Ont. is the only Canadian firm that makes safety razors. It is a pleasure to talk to him, or remain long in his presence, without catching up with his enthusiasm and his interest in his province. One is impressed with the fact that he is a man who has his finger on the pulse of the people; a man who dreams dreams and sees visions and yearns for the betterment of his people.

In the very prime of life, able, calm, fitted with boundless energy, and with the best of his province for leadership and a real desire for the betterment of his province, the friends of the premier look forward to many years of his service. That he will be returned on June 25th is a foregone conclusion; that he will do much for his province in the year to come is another certainty.

## ...Hudsons Bay Stores...

## Saturday Bargains

## Another Flurry in Sunshades

The last time we advertised Sunshades, the sales exceeded our expectations. Long before the day was over we were unable to meet the demands of the throngs of shoppers who were besieging the department, and many were the disappointed would-be purchasers.

However, on Saturday we are again placing on sale a large consignment of Sunshades at a price which we haven't the slightest hesitation in saying will make them vanish even quicker than the ones we previously advertised. The price on Saturday for these Sunshades will be

BE ON TIME **\$1.65** BE ON TIME

They are beauties—every one—and are worth from \$2.75 to \$3.50. The ladies who were disappointed the last time must get one of these, and the way to do it is to be on time.

## In Our Ready To-Wear Department

(Second Floor) we are placing on sale a line of Black Satteen Underskirts at

**85c. Each**

This price is good for Saturday only. They are made from extra good quality mercerised satteen, with extra full flounce, and are well worth \$1.25.

These bargains will be exhibited in our windows on Thursday, Friday and Saturday, but will not be sold under any consideration until Saturday.

## Hudsons Bay Company

NO ARGUMENT NECESSARY

ALWAYS USE

"CAPITOL" FLOUR

PRICE RIGHT QUALITY GUARANTEED

## 2nd FREE EXCURSION

To KELOWNA, B. C., the Orchard City of the Okanagan Valley.

## MONDAY, MAY 25th

Leaving Edmonton and Strathcona at 4 o'clock, p. m.

## REDUCED FARES

The land is free from timber, scrub and rock and part of it is under cultivation.

Come with us and see the valley in full bloom and talk with the people there.

Fare refunded to any person purchasing ten acres or more.

Full Particulars from

The Great West Land Company Limited. 45 Jasper Ave. E. EDMONTON, ALBERTA

Phone 1874

EDMONTON, ALBERTA



# NO PRIVILEGES FOR THEM.

The Ladies' Home Journal and Saturday Evening Post are not entitled to second-class mailing rates.

Ottawa, May 21.—The Canadian post office department has decided that such journals as the Ladies' Home Journal and the Saturday Evening Post are not entitled to the second-class privileges of the Canadian mails. This is the decision which has just been announced. These publications, which are the output of the Curtis Publishing Co. of Philadelphia, one of the wealthiest publishing houses of the United States, have been denied the remaining privileges. And the Ottawa post office department in giving the decision goes farther, and says that such publications, if issued in Canada, would not be granted status as mailing privileges.

There are said to be 50,000 subscribers to these publications in Canada. Incidentally it will require \$25,000 a year to pay the additional postage, as required under the new ruling on these publications.

This action on the part of the Curtis people has been taken after much negotiation between the publishers and the Canadian post office officials. The final notification to the Curtis company was a letter from Mr. E. H. Lashinger, assistant deputy postmaster.

# NOT ENOUGH NEWS IN THEM.

The Ladies' Home Journal and Saturday Evening Post do not comply with Canada's postal law, under the provisions of which a legitimate newspaper can be carried at the lower rates of postage, and if published in Canada, would not be granted status as mailing privileges. It is, therefore, impossible to grant the mailing-and-carriage privilege to each periodical published in the United States.

The department's objection to the publications mentioned, according to Mr. Lashinger's letter, is, under a clause of the postal law of Canada, which provides that in order to be entitled to second class postage rates, the publication must "contain wholly or in great part of political or other news, or of articles relating thereto, or in other cases."

Mr. Lashinger states that the Curtis publications mentioned do not contain enough literature which can be considered news in the sense of the Canadian statute.

Affect Canadian Papers?

Publishers of Canadian magazines and periodicals are wondering if the decision of the department will deter them from the cheaper rate. Col. J. B. Macdonald, of the Macdonald Publishing Co., which has the trade journal this published by his firm would not come under the decision.

# OUTING BIG CATTLEMAN.

St. Paul Report Says Small Farmer is Crowding Out Ranchers.

St. Paul, Minn., May 21.—It is now almost certain from official information collected that the movements of stock from Montana will show a decrease for the year ending Dec. 31, in the territory contributory to the Great Northern railway it is estimated that the decrease will amount to at least 10 per cent. In the territory contributory to the Northern Pacific railways the decrease is estimated at about 15 per cent. These decreases in shipments will, of course, affect eastern markets, and they do not in any way represent a falling in the live stock industry in the Northwest.

The decreases are owing to economic causes, which will put the industry on a better economic basis in the future than it has ever been in the past. It simply means the cutting of the big cattle man by the small farmer, and when the change has taken place, and the country has all been settled up by enterprising small stock raisers going into Montana from the central states, an entirely new system will come into vogue, and a much better quality of stock will be grown for commercial purposes than was the case under the range conditions. Instead of the big shipments which took place in the summer by the big cattle men, in the future the cattle will be collected from the ranches and farmers from many points and shipped to market. The quality of the Montana shipments received this year at this time have been exceptionally good. It was mostly hay feed stock, and its good condition can, in part, be attributed to the exceptionally mild winter.

# A FIGHT TO A FINISH.

The C. P. R. Knocked Out for Time Being But Will Deal Heavily Blow.

Montreal, May 22.—According to reports from headquarters the C. P. R. is preparing to fight to a finish against the demands made by the shippers and machinists in their effort to reinstate the schedule of wages which was in effect up to May 1. The men are delighted at the decision of the board of arbitration in Winnipeg, that if jurisdiction covers the whole system and the eastern men are prepared to enforce their claims on the company so that all may stand on a level together. David McNeill, general manager of the C. P. R., returned from Toronto today but refused to say anything of the company's policy in the matter. The details are unexpected, and the officials are not yet in a position to say anything of the time being, intended to be taken back with a heavy blow. The eastern men claim they do not want to strike, but they will stick to the power to have the affairs of both sections settled at the same time on the same basis.

Ottawa, May 22.—The department of labor is waiting for a report from Chairman Macdonald, of the board of conciliation, before deciding on the policy it will pursue. The department is also waiting for an explanation as to the withdrawal of Pullerton from the board. The aim of the department was to bring about an amicable arrangement whereby an inquiry would be proceeded with. Under the act the department has power to name a member of the board to replace Pullerton, which has been called out, thanks to influence of the board. M. Gough's challenge was the withdrawal of a question which took place between him and Fred. Miksa, the latter banding a false statement which the October 1st leader had made.

# INDICTMENTS IN GUINNESS CASE.

La Poste, Ind., May 22.—The grand jury today returned three indictments charging arson and murder, against three persons.

La Poste, Ind., May 22.—The grand jury today returned three indictments charging arson and murder, against three persons. The first indictment is against a man named Gough, who is charged with being the principal and accessory after the fact in the murder of Andrew Holgerstein, a South Dakota ranchman, and is charged with the murder of Mrs. Guinness and three children.

Six Killed by Explosion.

Paris, May 22.—Six men were instantly killed and forty-two wounded by an explosion which wrecked the sugar refinery of the Compagnie des Sucres, near the city of Paris, and destroyed several houses were demolished.

# TO ADVERTISE DISTRICT.

Boards of Trade of Arcata-Regina Railway Branch Unite For That Purpose.

Arcata, Sask., May 22.—The boards of trade of the Arcata-Regina extension held a joint meeting today at Arcata for organization for the purpose of forming an association known as the Associated Boards of Trade of the Arcata-Regina Railway for the purpose of better advertising this locality.

The election of officers resulted as follows: President, W. M. Robinson, Francis, vice-president, T. J. Thayer, Kinsley, secretary-treasurer, T. C. Youse, and Arcata, with an executive to consist of one member selected from each board of trade, providing the president of that board is not in a position to accept. A general discussion then took place. The executives have been called to meet in Arcata on June 4th to complete the work of organization.

Duel Called Off.

St. Petersburg, May 22.—A duel which had been arranged to take place this morning between M. Gough, the October 1st leader, and Fred. Miksa, leader of the constitutional movement, was called off.

# DUNCAN BROS. AND BUTTERS

# SATURDAY MAY 23RD

## A LONG DAY BUT SHORT PRICES

### A WHOLE LOT OF SPACE COULD BE TAKEN UP IN TELLING YOU ABOUT IT, BUT IT IS NOT NECESSARY. PRICES SPEAK FOR THEMSELVES—THESE GIVEN BELOW TO ILLUSTRATE.

## MUSLINS 1st Floor

- 30 pieces Dress Muslins, light and dark colors, regular 20c and 25c per yard. Saturday, per yard, .15
- 3 pieces Fancy Black and White Muslins, regular 25c per yard. Saturday, per yard, .10
- 28 pieces Fancy Dress Muslins, reg. 50c & 60c. Sat. yd. .35
- 2 pieces White Apron Lawn, 36 inches wide, regular 15c per yard. Saturday, per yard, .10
- 3 pieces White Apron Lawn, 36 inches wide, regular 25c per yard. Saturday, per yard, .15
- 1 piece Dress Holland, fine quality, regular 25c per yard. Saturday, per yard, .15

## PRINTS 1st Floor

- Indigo Blue Prints, all good patterns, regular 12 1/2c per yard. Saturday, per yard, .08
- Heavy Indigo German Prints, 36 inches wide, regular 20c per yard. Saturday, per yard, .15
- Crumm's English Print, 150 pieces to select from. Saturday, per yard, only .12 1/2

## LADIES' READY-TO-WEAR DEPT. 2nd Floor—take the Elevator.

- Colored Print Blouses, reg. 75c each. Saturday, each, .50
- Colored Print Blouses, reg. 1.00 each. Saturday, each, .75
- Old lot White Blouses, to close, each, .50
- Ladies' Tweed Cotton Dresses, regular 4.50 each. Saturday, each, 3.00
- Ladies' Linen Dresses, all sizes, regular 2.75 each. Saturday, each, 2.00
- Blue, Black and White Polka Dot Duck Dresses, regular 2.00 each. Saturday, each, 1.50
- Children's Blue and White Polka Dot Dresses, all sizes, regular 1.75 each. Saturday, each, 1.40
- Black Saten Skirts, reg. 1.25 and 1.50 ea. Sat., each, 1.00

## MEN'S HATS

Full line of Men's Linen, Straw and Soft Felt Hats, all at reduced prices.

## LADIES' WHITE WEAR 2nd Floor—take the Elevator.

- Ladies' Muslin Drawers, with lace insertion, regular 50c per pair. Saturday, per pair, .40
- Ladies' Muslin Drawers, trimmed with embroidery, regular 65c per pair. Saturday, per pair, .50
- Ladies' Corset Covers, blouse effect, trimmed with embroidery, regular 50c each. Saturday, each, .40
- Ladies' Muslin Night Dresses, trimmed with lace and embroidery, regular 1.25 each. Saturday, each, 1.00
- Ladies' White Underskirts, deep flounce of embroidery and dust frill, regular 1.25 each. Saturday, each, .90
- Ladies' White Underskirts, heavy trimmed with insertion and embroidery, regular 2.00. Saturday, each, 1.50

## TOWELS AND TOWELING 1st Floor

- Hemstitched Huck Towels, reg. 40c pair. Sat., per pair, .30
- White Turkish Towels, regular 30c pair. Sat., per pair, .20
- Colored Turkish Towels, reg. 30c pair. Sat., per pair, .20
- Crash Toweling, regular 15c per yard. Sat., per yard, .10
- Old Fashioned Russia Crash, regular 25c yd. Sat., yd., .15
- Stair Linen, saves carpets in muddy weather, regular 25c per yard. Saturday, per yard, .15

## NOTIONS 1st Floor, Centre Table.

- Children's White Lace Bibs, reg. 15c each. Sat., each, .10
- Nail and Tooth Brushes, reg. 10c each. Saturday, each, .05
- White Lawn Hemstitched Handkerchiefs. Sat., each, .05
- White Tape, assorted widths to package. Sat., package, .10
- White Wash Buttons, to sew on with tape, regular 15c per package. Saturday, 2 packages for .25
- Hair Brushes, regular 35c. Saturday, each, .20

## GROCERY SPECIALS FOR SATURDAY

- 2 tins Pineapple for .35
- Tomato and Beef Ketchup, 25c per tin, or 2 tins for .45
- Bayles Pickles, per bottle, .25 and .45

## DRESS GINGHAMS 1st Floor

- Chambrays, all colors, regular 15c per yard. Sat., per yard, .10
- Fancy Scotch Gingham, regular 15c per yd. Sat., per yd., .10
- Fancy Scotch Gingham, reg. 25c and 30c yd. Sat., per yd., .15

## SUNSHADES 1st Floor

- White Frilled Sunshade. Saturday special, each 1.00
- White Frilled Sunshade, with insertion. Sat. special, each 1.40
- Black Silk Sunshade, one frill. Saturday special, each 1.40

## MEN'S CLOTHING 2nd Floor Take Elevator

- Men's Tweed Suits, Regular price 15.00 suit. Saturday 10.00
- " " " " 10.00 suit " 7.90
- " " " " 8.00 & 9.00 " 6.50

## SHOES 1st Floor

- 15 Pairs Men's Shoes. Blucher cut, box calf and dong. leather. Regular price 3.25 per pair. Saturday, per pair 2.60
- 15 Pairs Ladies' Dongola Bals, patent tip, Goodyear sole. Regular price 4.00 per pair. Saturday, per pair 2.90
- 20 Pairs Ladies' Dong. Slippers. Reg. 1.50 pr. Saturday 1.20
- 18 Pairs Misses' Gilson Tie Oxfords, black or brown, sizes 11 to 2. Regular 1.75. Saturday 1.35
- 12 Pairs Boys' Shoes, all odd lines. To clear 1.75
- 14 Pairs Child's Chocolate Shoes, sizes 5 to 7 1/2. Regular price 1.50 per pair. Saturday, per pair, 1.20
- Art Shoe Polish. Regular price 25c. per bottle. On Saturday, per bottle 15c.

## BOYS' CLOTHING 2nd Floor—Take the Elevator.

- Boys' 2 and 3 piece Tweed Suits. Regular price 5.00 and 3.50 per suit. Saturday special, per suit 2.90
- Boys' Blouses, to close Saturday, each, 25c, and 50c.
- Boys' Braes (1st floor) Reg. 20c. and 25c. pr. Saturday 10c.

OLD PHONE NO. 36.

FREE DELIVERY TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY.

AUTO PHONE NO. 1352

# DUNCAN BROS. & BUTTERS

JASPER AVENUE, CORNER OF FIRST STREET.

FREE DELIVERY TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY













